THE INFLUENCE OF CRISIS ON THE FINANCIAL RESULT OF ENTERPRISE IN AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY

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The author considers the influence of the global financial crisis on the activity of enterprises in automobile industry, using the AUTOVAZ as an example. Its financial indices are analyzed, the ways of anti-crisis modernization of the enterprise are developed.

The current period is an unfavorable one for the automobile industry. The economic and financial crisis has strongly influenced the situation in Russian automobile market. The AVTOVAZ, UAZ and GAS were among the biggest car manufacturing plants in the beginning of 2010. However, there is a significant decrease in the volume of production and sales.

The AVTOVAZ illustrates the depth of branch problem. Let's examine the main indices of financial and economic activity of the AVTOVAZ from 2007 to the 1st quarter of 2010 (table 1).

As you can see from Table 1, in 2009 the return from the AUTOVAZ sales decreased by 47.46 in comparison to the year of 2008. As a result of currency exchange rates fluctuation, the growth of inflation rates, the cost of metal and energy resources in 2009, the increase in the cost of imported components has lead to the growth of prices for new passenger cars and, as a consequence, the decrease of consumer activity passenger car market. There was a period of loss from 2008 to the 1st quarter of 2010.

However, the research of the new car sales results shows that the AVTOVAZ production

Table 1

The main indices of financial and economic activity of the AVTOVAZ

| • | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|--|--|--|
| The name of the index | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 1st quarter 2010 | | | |
| The total volume of income, million rubles | 154 626 | 160 238 | 84 183 | 20 739 | | | |
| Prime cost, million rubles | 139 520 | 151 520 | 88 921 | 22 057 | | | |
| Gross profit (loss), million rubles | 15 106 | 8718 | (4738) | (1318) | | | |
| Net profit (profit), million rubles | 3951 | (6684) | (38468) | (2580) | | | |
| The share of dividends in profit, % | 10,56 | - | - | - | | | |
| Market capitalization, rubles | 13 6987 604 748 | 1 086 2642 337 | 21 690 154 371 | 23 195 693 772 | | | |
| General profitability, % | 4,448 | -4,515 | -51,880 | -13,496 | | | |

Table 2
The best sold passenger car models in Russia

| Nº | Model | Brand | November 2008 | November 2009 | % | April 2009 | April 2010 | % |
|----|-----------|-----------|---------------|------------------|-----|---------------|------------|-----|
| 1 | Priora | LADA | 9292 | 6464 | -30 | 9322 | 14541 | +56 |
| 2 | Samara | LADA | 8670 | 5900 | -32 | 9466 | 12492 | +32 |
| 3 | 2105/2107 | LADA | 23517 | 4860 | -79 | 6211 | 10533 | +70 |
| 4 | Kalina | LADA | 7275 | 3657 | -50 | 5907 | 9962 | +69 |
| 5 | Logan | RENAULT | 4769 | 5131 | 8 | 4796 | 6223 | +30 |
| 6 | Focus | FORD | 8278 | 3348 | -60 | 5425 | 5952 | +10 |
| 7 | 4 x 4 | LADA | 2033 | 2904 | -43 | 2572 | 4858 | +89 |
| 8 | Nexia | DAEWOO | 2565 | 2243 | -13 | 3577 | 3652 | +2 |
| 7 | Lacetti | CHEVROLET | 5644 | 1639 | -71 | 2703 | 2938 | +9 |

^{*} Nadezhda A. Solovieva, post-graduate student of Samara State University of Architecture and construction. E-mail: solovjeva-na@mail.ru.

still occupies the first four places (table 2), though this automobile trust is not among the leaders of passenger and commercial transport.

The AVTOVAZ competitiveness is artificially supported by the government via the introduction of high custom duties for foreign cars. There is also government support - more than 70 billion rubles. The Renault - one of the biggest shareholders of AVTOVAZ - is planning to provide its technological and financial aid. There is an offer to prolong the program of utilization up to 2011 in order to make AUTOVAZ profitable.

Therefore, global crisis has emphasized the necessity of complex modernization of car industry enterprises - both technological, economic and social. The equipment of enterprises is necessary, modernization and diversification of production on the innovative base, creating new jobsites and increasing the mobility of labour force, developing energy efficient and energy saving technologies, as well as strategic information technologies, stimulating the competition and overcoming monopoly.

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